





INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL ADVISERS

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YOUR 2023 Q4 PORTFOLIO UPDATE

WELCOME

Welcome to our first quarterly update of 2024, and also our first in partnership with PortfolioMetrix (PMX) with the management of our model investment portfolios now benefiting from the additional layer of experience and expertise they provide as a specialist investment manager with an impressive track record.

Our Investment Committee recently met with PMX to review performance and discuss both recent and forthcoming global macro-economic events, and to review fund selection and asset allocations.

We are pleased to provide you with a very positive update both in terms of your portfolio's performance and the work of PMX as discretionary fund manager, and we will continue to provide you with an update after each of our future quarterly meetings.

YOUR PORTFOLIO

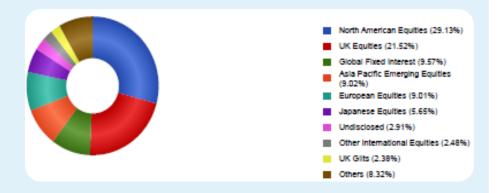
PMX Hoyl Model Portfolio 7

ASSET ALLOCATION *

As at 31 January 2024

PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

1 Nov 23 to 31 Jan 24 - +9.07%



* Please see last page for a full breakdown of the funds and asset classes.

PORTFOLIO CHANGES

Your portfolio is constantly monitored by PMX with overview from our Investment Committee. As part of the active management of your portfolio, changes are made to the funds in which it invests whenever we and PMX believe this is in your best interests.

IN



No changes this quarter



OUT

No changes this quarter

Portfolios are also continually monitored for 'drift', where particularly strong performance of individual asset types or funds can change the overall risk profile. Currently, both PMX and our Investment Committee remain happy that your portfolio remains closely aligned to its target allocation.

YOUR 2023 Q4 INVESTMENT UPDATE continued

SUMMARY

2023 Q4 proved positive for almost all asset classes , particularly smaller companies and stocks whose fortunes tend to follow the business cycle of the economy.

Economic data remained solid, with inflation coming in lower than expected. This led investors to begin pricing-in earlier and greater interest rate cuts in 2024 than previously expected.

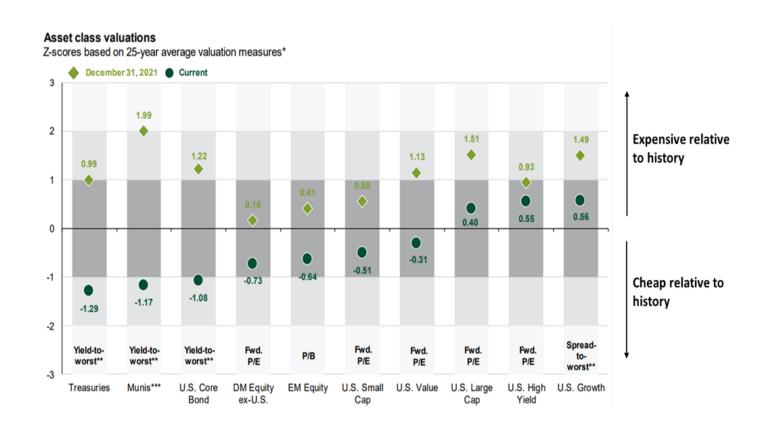
Commodities were the worst performing asset class as oil and gas prices fell, while Chinese equities also struggled.

ASSET CLASSES

The fourth quarter of the year saw strong performance overall from most asset classes.

Previously weak property stocks rose most, with smaller companies and emerging market debt also rising particularly strongly. Commodities fell, weighed down by oil and gas weakness, as did Chinese equities on the back of continued worries over the Chinese economy. The pound was mixed but rose against the dollar.

A lot of the stylistic returns above can be attributed to the performance of the "Magnificent 7" – the 'growthy' mega-cap US tech stocks, which were responsible for a good chunk of global large-cap and growth outperformance over the year.



Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management Guide to the Markets US, 5 Oct; a Z-Score of 0 is average relative to history, roughly 68% of historical observations have Z-Scores between -1 and 1 and roughly 95% of historical observations have Z-Scores between -2 and 2

In terms of currencies the pound rose 4.4% against the US dollar (up 5.4% over the year), was flat against the euro (+2.1% for the year) and fell 1.5% against the yen (but up 13.3% for the year as a whole).

YOUR 2023 Q4 INVESTMENT UPDATE continued

FIXED INCOME

2023 saw strong fixed income performance, although most occurred in the final quarter as expectations for future interest rates fell. Higher quality bonds (as measured by the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index) rose 5.8% over Q4 and were up 6.2% over the full year.

Lower quality 'high yield' bonds, (less sensitive to interest rates but more sensitive to economic conditions), rose even more, up 7.5% over Q4 and up 12.6% for the full year.

Over holding periods of 5+ years, the starting yield of a diversified portfolios of bonds has proven to be an excellent indicator of prospective bond returns, which currently makes bonds an attractive holding within a longer-term investment portfolio.

FALLING INFLATION

Inflation continued to fall over the last few months, with falling oil and gas prices playing a big part, but core inflation (headline inflation excluding volatile energy and food prices) has also been coming down quickly.

However, this is still above central bank targets of around 2% (headline inflation) in major developed markets, so the key question is how quickly it continues to fall, and if it gets back to target in the near future.

This better news on inflation has seen markets moving from expecting modest further interest rate rises from central banks to pricing in some material cuts for 2024, but if these cuts don't materialise to the degree expected it could cause markets to pull back.

Below we've shown aggregate investor expectations for the path of central bank rates over the next 3 years,

Market expectations for central bank policy rates

6
5
4
3
2
1
0
1+0
+1
+2
+3

Years

US Eurozone UK Japan

with these expectations inferred from bond and derivative prices as at the end of 2023.

As you can see, markets expect rate cuts in the US starting in March, with total cuts of 1.75% to 2% for the US, UK and Eurozone priced in over 2024.

Lower rates mean lower borrowing costs for businesses and consumers, which should be positive when combined with already solid growth expectations.

It's worth noting markets have moved very quickly recently and investors shouldn't expect to see these levels of returns every month.

The main economic risks to watch for in 2024 are inflation proving more stubborn that expected or growth surprising to the downside.

Source: J.P.Morgan Asset Management Guide to the Markets UK, Q1 2024 as at 31 Dec. 2023

Stubborn inflation would reverse some of the optimism around falling rates, which would likely be bad for both bonds and equities, while weaker growth may benefit bonds but be negative for equities.

Neither of these risks is inevitable, and crucially, valuations on the whole remain attractive against history which bodes well for longer-term investors as we begin the new year.

YOUR 2023 Q4 INVESTMENT UPDATE continued

LOOKING FORWARD

Moving into 2024, the themes of inflation, interest rates and recession remain the key uncertainties from an economic standpoint.

Political risk will also be a factor, with more than half the world's population heading to the polls.

Russian and North Korea election results are not really in doubt, but others are more open with different potential impacts on markets depending on the result.

The most important of these elections globally is the US election in November, likely (but not yet certain) to be a rerun of 2020's matchup between Joe Biden and Donald Trump.

More locally, a UK election needs to be held before the end of January 2025 and will most probably occur this year too.

While geopolitics is always an arena for the unexpected, we shouldn't ignore deeper macroeconomic trends and questions, with the interplay between inflation, interest rates and economic growth remaining at the fore.

LIKE TO KNOW MORE?

We hope you have found this first quarterly update interesting, and it's helped give you a broad overview of global investment conditions as seen by both PortfolioMetrix and our Investment Committee.

Please get in touch (with your dedicated Financial Adviser) if you would like to discuss anything covered in this update, have any questions, or would like any further information, either about your portfolio, the investment markets or simply investing in general.

Our next update will be in April, so until then it just remains for us to wish you well in the months ahead.



This investment update is for professional financial advisers, their clients, or prospective clients.

All information provided is for information only and not intended to constitute financial, legal, tax, investment, or other professional advice. It should not therefore be relied upon as such and neither PortfolioMetrix, Create Financial Management, Hoyl Capital Wealth or Hoyl Independent

Advisers accept any liability for losses incurred from doing so.

The value of investments and the income from them can go down as well as up, and you could get back less than you invest.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Portfolio holdings and asset allocation can change at any time without notice.



Create Financial Management is a trading style of Create FM Ltd, which is an appointed representative of Hoyl Independent Advisers Ltd

Hoyl Capital Wealth is a trading style of Hoyl independent Advisers Ltd



Hoyl Model Portfolios

ssets	Real		Equities													Fixed Income											Asset Class					
ssets Infrastructure	Property	Emerging Markets			Pacific ex-Jpn	Japan	3	Ç				Europe ex- UK			SN			EM Debt	High Yield	Bonds	Corporate	Government Bonds				Bonds	Short-Term	Cash &				
Active	Active	Active	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Active	Active	Active	Active	Active	Passive	Active	Active	Passive	Active	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Active	Active	Passive	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Passive	Passive	Active	Active	Active / Passive
M&G Global Listed Infrastructure	CT Global Real Estate Securities	Candriam Sustainable Equity Emerging Markets	Artemis Global Emerging Markets	Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index	Vanguard Pacific ex-Japan Stock Index	M&G Japan	Baillie Gifford Japanese	LF Gresham House UK Smaller Companies	Man GLG Undervalued Assets	Royal London Sustainable Leaders Trust	Liontrust Special Situations	Vanguard FTSE UK All Share Index	Premier Miton European Opportunities	Invesco European Focus	Vanguard FTSE Developed Europe ex-UK Equity Index	JPM US Equity Income	Baillie Gifford American	HSBC American Index	Vanguard US Equity Index	Pimco GIS Emerging Markets Bond	Man GLG High Yield Opportunities	Vanguard Global Credit Bond	Vanguard Global Corporate Bond Index	Pimco GIS Global Bond	Vanguard UK Government Bond Index Fund	Vanguard Global Bond Index	TwentyFour Absolute Return Credit	Vanguard UK Short-Term Investment Grade Bond Index	Vanguard Global Short-Term Corporate Bond Index	Royal London Short Duration Global Index Linked	Royal London Short Term Fixed Income Enhanced	PMX Proposed Funds
		Growth	Value	Passive	Passive	Value	Growth	Small Cap	Value	Growth	Growth	Passive	Growth	Value	Passive	Value	Growth	Passive	Passive													Style
2.19%	0.00%	1.20%	1.20%	1.20%	0.00%	1.42%	0.00%	0.00%	1.07%	0.0%	1.91%	2.27%	0.00%	0.00%	2.08%	1.49%	0.00%	2.99%	2.99%	3.16%	5.98%	6.56%	6.56%	2.44%	4.88%	2.44%	5.00%	12.34%	9.70%	9.29%	9.23%	ω
2.58%	0.00%	1.77%	1.77%	1.77%	1.00%	1.23%	1.23%	1.00%	1.85%	1.49%	1.61%	3.96%	1.09%	1.09%	1.45%	2.61%	1.00%	4.22%	5.22%	3.02%	5.92%	5.68%	5.68%	2.23%	4.45%	2.23%	5.00%	8.19%	6.29%	6.70%	6.66%	4
2.96%	0.00%	2.52%	2.52%	2.52%	1.41%	1.77%	1.77%	1.37%	2.66%	2.14%	2.32%	5.66%	1.56%	1.56%	2.08%	3.73%	1.40%	6.05%	7.45%	2.88%	5.87%	4.81%	4.81%	2.01%	4.02%	2.01%	5.00%	4.05%	2.89%	4.10%	4.08%	
2.35%	1.00%	3.28%	3.28%	3.28%	1.84%	2.30%	2.30%	1.78%	3.46%	2.78%	3.02%	7.36%	2.02%	2.02%	2.70%	4.84%	1.82%	7.87%	9.68%	1.74%	5.82%	3.94%	3.94%	1.80%	3.60%	1.80%	2.47%	0.00%	2.47%	2.47%	0.00%	
2.53%	1.21%	4.04%	4.04%	4.04%	2.26%	2.83%	2.83%	2.19%	4.25%	3.42%	3.71%	9.05%	2.49%	2.49%	3.32%	5.96%	2.23%	9.68%	11.92%	1.37%	2.91%	1.97%	1.97%	0.90%	1.80%	0.90%	1.85%	0.00%	0.00%	1.85%	0.00%	7
2.51%	1.61%	4.79%	4.79%	4.79%	2.69%	3.36%	3.36%	2.60%	5.05%	4.07%	4.41%	10.75%	2.96%	2.96%	3.94%	7.08%	2.65%	11.50%	14.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	∞

